



S/N 10/044,796

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: LOSKUTOFF ET AL. Examiner: V. AFREMOVA  
Serial No.: 10/044,796 Group Art Unit: 1651  
Filed: OCTOBER 11, 2002 Docket No.: 13511.1USU1  
Title: SEMEN EXTENDER COMPOSITION AND METHODS FOR  
MANUFACTURING AND USING

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Declaration under 37 C.F.R. §1.131

I, Richard B. Lomneth, Ph.D. declare as follows:

1. I am one of the originally named inventors of the above-identified patent application.

2. Attached as Exhibit A are pages 3-6 from a laboratory notebook. These pages have been redacted to cover the dates in the upper right hand corners. The dates are all prior to May 14, 1999. The handwriting on the pages of laboratory notebook in Exhibit A is mine, and the reported compositions were prepared by me prior to May 14, 1999.

3. Sample 2 reported on laboratory notebook page 6 provided as Exhibit A identifies a sample I prepared containing 1 wt.% lecithin, 0.5 ml Biladyl® concentrate, 0.1 wt.% Equex, and water to 5 ml. To the 5 ml composition, 0.7 ml glycerol was added. Biladyl® is available from Minitüb GmbH, Germany. Biladyl® contains carbohydrate and buffer. Attached as Exhibit B is a product sheet for Biladyl®. In addition, Biladyl® is identified by the above-identified patent application at, for example, page 14, lines 15-18. Equex contains sodium lauryl sulfate as a surfactant and is identified by the above-identified patent application at page 16, line 11 through page 17, line 8 wherein "EQ" refers to Equex.

4. Sample 2 reported on laboratory notebook page 6 in Exhibit A describes a composition containing the components of independent claims 1 and 21 of the above-identified patent application. The phospholipid obtained from a non-animal source is satisfied by the lecithin, the surfactant to reduce ice crystal formation during freezing of the composition is satisfied by the sodium lauryl sulfate, the carbohydrate and the biological buffer are satisfied by the Biladyl® component, and the freeze agent is satisfied by glycerol. It is my belief that the composition of sample 2 exhibits a pH of about 6.9 to about 7.5 and an osmolality of about 250 mOsM to about 350 mOsM.

5. I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Richard B. Lomneth, Ph.D.

# Semen Mixing Samples For TECNIB

12-22 Bi-A + 5% Lectin "Bromo Buffer Buffer"  
 12-23 " 3.5% "  
 12-23 " 1% "

- Lectin - Disperse In  $H_2O$ , Then Dilute Into Bi-A

Bi-ADYU A - "10x" Solution (140mL) Dilute 400mL

So Lectin Presently Dispersed In  $H_2O$  to  $\frac{1}{10}$  For Dilution w/ Bi-A Concentrate  
 Bi-A + Additives Mixed 1:1 with Semen Coated  
 Bi-B = Bi-A, Diluted With Glycose (8% Lysat). Mix 1:1 with  
 Semen / Bi-A Mixture

Fauer Pass "9-98"

Concentration = ? Call MI-1 TUBE

Dilute Semen In Hoyer TL  
 $\hookrightarrow$

New A Bi-ADYU A Stock

Glycerin Pic:

1. Make A Hoyer TL Answer For Dilution Of Semen So Answers Same  
 Lectin: Semen Dilution
2. Make Lectin; Bi-A,  $H_2O$  At Higher Than Final Concentration, Dilute  
 In Bi-A 300mL As New A
3. Make Lectin-Glycose Stock So That Lectin Is At Correct  
 Final Concentration (14% Glucose Recommended By David Velasco)
4. Make Samples At "Previous Concentrations" For Tons W/EN.

12/18/96

1. MAKE 0.1% EQUEX PASTE IN LECITHIN SOLUTION

a. MAKE 10mL 1% Lecithin, 0.1% Equex

b. 2 mL 5% lecithin

b. 10mL 1% Lecithin

0.1% EQUEX PASTE :  $C_1V_1 = C_2V_2$

$$(10\text{mL})(0.1\%) = (100\%)(V_2)$$

10L Equex

c. 1000 mL 1% Lecithin, 0.1% Equex

2. Cholesterol / Methyl- $\beta$ -Cyclohexene

a. Use ~5mg/mL Ch- Methyl- $\beta$ -Cyclohexene With Sigma

b. For 5mL Sample, Need 25mg Cyclohexene ( $=$  Methyl- $\beta$ -Cyclohexene)

c. Stocks ~30mg Cholesterol / 1g Cyclohexene = MBCD

d. i. Make 10mL in  $H_2O$

$$(5\% \text{ Cyclohexene})(10\text{mL}) = .5\text{g Cyclohexene}$$

Add ~15mg Cholesterol

Add  $H_2O$  To 15mL TBSF, Add

0.50 g Methylated  $\beta$ -Cyclohexene  
(Colesterol Lot I-3044)

(- Goes Into Solution Easily)

e. Cholesterol : Sigma C-3045 Lot 84H84585

43.8mg Cholesterol

Add 973  $\mu\text{L}$  Isopropanol ( $\approx$  5mg/mL (e.g. Dissolves))

Dissolved At Room Temp w/ Vortexing

f. If 30mg Cholesterol: 667  $\mu\text{L}$

i. tent 10.67mL H<sub>2</sub>S 500 Cyclohexene + 30mg Cholesterol

if want 5mg/mL

Want 25mg Cyclohexene / Aliquots 46.86mg/mL

$$\left( \frac{46.86\text{mg}}{\text{mL}} \right) = \frac{25.0\text{mg}}{\text{x}} \times 0.534\text{mL} / \text{TBSF} = 22.71\text{mL}$$

g. Add Cholesterol To MBCD

- Slow Process - Fine Vac To Improve Temp Current Mixing

+ SHOULD HAVE ADDED 15mg Cholesterol !!

- First 15mg Went In Penally; All BUT 0.080mL Added } into solution

- Spin Sample To Remove Undissolved Cholesterol, Save Aliquots And Use/Use

Not everything dissolved + Speed Vac

/ Final Vol = 2.1mL 855  $\mu\text{L}$  / TBSF

All W/O  
1st Attempt

into solution

#B2

- TEST Solubility OF ChMBCA In  $H_2O$ , Then Dissolve
  - Appears To Completely Dissolve In 1.0mL  $H_2O$ .
  - Add To Lecithin / Bilayer
    - Appears To Completely Dissolve In 1.0mL 10% Lecithin In Dimethyl

- MAKE 5% PGE (Solv, RL) In  $H_2O$   
 $5g/100mL$  Do  $2.1g/50mL$  or  $2.0g/40mL$   
 $(2.02g)$  Add 40.0mL  $H_2O$

HEAT In A MICROWAVE - Overflows. Microscopically  
 Loosen Wall Dispersion. Strength: High Temp (Not Measured Temp)  
 - Better Dispersed.

- MAKE 5% PGE In Bilayer A ( $1/2$  w/v Antibiotics)  
 $2.1g$  PGE (Solv) RL /  $80mL$  Bilayer A

Heat (In Microwave), Short ~2min, Setting 8  
 ↳ Hot (Not Measured) Too Hot To Handle Comfortably

## Temporary Protocol For Working With Samples.

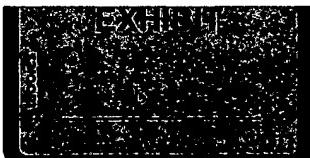
1. Make Sure Serum Has  $\geq 25 \times 10^6$  Motile Spores;  $> 50\%$  Mortality
2. Mix Serum with Eggwhite, 1:1 Ratio
3. Cool
4. Mix w/ 2nd Set of Eggwhite Containing 1% Glycerol
3. FREEZE

(1% Lec/Bil) + 0.1% Equer + 0.7mL Glycerol = 14  
 (1% Lec/Bil) + 0.1% Equer + 0.7mL Glycerol = 10  
 (1% Lec/Bil) + 0.1% Equer + 0.7mL Glycerol = 7  
 (1% Lec/Bil) + 0.1% Equer + 0.7mL Glycerol = 5  
 ADD 0.80mL Glycerol

PGE appears to precipitate out of serum  
 Have precipitated more than 50% form  
 May have lower MW form  
 Soluble & lower MW form  
 Soluble & lower MW form

### SAMPLES

- ✓ 1. 5mL 1% Lecithin/Bilayer + 0.7mL Glycerol (5mL 1% Lec/Bil from 12-23)
- ✓ 2. 5mL 1% Lecithin/Bilayer + 0.1% Equer + 0.7mL Glycerol (5mL 1% Lec/Equer/Bil from 3-15-94)
- ✓ 3. 5mL 1% Lec/Bil + 0.7mL Glycerol - Add 1mL To Ch-MBCD Tube + Discard -  
Mix w/ remainder of 1% Lec Bilayer (5mL 1% Lec/Bil from 1-23)
- ✓ 4. 5mL 1% Lec/Bil + 0.7mL Glycerol - Add <sup>+ 0.1% Equer</sup> 1mL To Ch-MBCD Tube, Discard -  
+ Mix w/ remainder (5mL 1% Lec/Equer/Bil from 3-15-94)
- ✓ 5. Same As "3" Except Use 2 Tubes Ch-MBCD (<sup>5mL</sup> 1% Lec/Bil from 12-23)
- ✓ 6. 5mL 4% PGE, 10% Lec/Bil + 0.7mL Glycerol (4mL 5% PGE/Bil + 1mL 5% Lec 12-22)
- ✓ 7. 5mL 2% PGE, 1% Lec/Bil + 0.7mL Glycerol (2mL 5% PGE/Bil + 1mL 5% Lec 12-22 + 2mL Bil)
- ✓ 8. 5mL 4% PGE, 1% Lec/Bil + 0.1% Equer + 0.7mL Glycerol (Same As 6 Plus 5mL Equer)
- ✓ 9. 5mL 2% PGE, 1% Lec/Bil + 0.1% Equer + 0.7mL Glycerol (Same As 7 Plus 5mL Equer)
- ✓ 10. 5mL 4% PGE, 1% Lec/Bil + Add To Ch-MBCD Tube As Above (Same As 6 Plus Ch-MBCD)
- ✓ 11. 5mL 2% PGE, 1% Lec/Bil + Add To Ch-MBCD Tube As Above (Same As 7 Plus Ch-MBCD)
- ✓ 12. 5mL Bilayer No Lecithin + 0.7mL Glycerol (5mL Bilayer w/ Anticoag 1-29)
- ✓ 13. 5mL 4% PGE, 1% Lec/Bil, 0.1% Equer, Add To Ch-MBCD As Above (Same As 8)
- ✓ 14. 5mL 2% PGE, 1% Lec/Bil, 0.1% Equer, Add To Ch-MBCD As Above  
(Same As 9 Plus Ch-MBCD)

**Preparation of COCKTAIL AB:**

Add 12 ml of double distilled, sterile water, using a sterile syringe.

**Final composition of reconstituted COCKTAIL AB expressed as active units of antibiotics per 0.02 ml:**

100 µg Tylosin,  
500 µg Gentamicin,  
300 µg Lincomycin,  
600 µg Spectinomycin

**Usage for „Neat Semen Treatment”:**

Add and carefully mix 0,02 ml to each ml of neat semen, using a sterile syringe.

**Usage for BILADYL SOLUTION A:**

Add and carefully mix 10 ml to SOLUTION A, using a sterile syringe.

**Preparation of SOLUTION A:**

- 1) Reconstitute 49 g of SOLUTION A with double distilled sterile water to a combined volume of 390 ml.
- 2) Add 100 ml clean yolk from fresh chicken eggs.
- 3) Add 10 ml of reconstituted antibiotics COCKTAIL AB, using a sterile syringe.
- 4) Mix gently and warm mixture to + 30 ° C (+ 86 ° F)
- 5) Filter medium before adding it to semen.

**Preparation of SOLUTION B:**

- 1) Reconstitute 250 g of SOLUTION B with double distilled sterile water to a combined volume of 400 ml.
- 2) Add 100 ml clean yolk from fresh chicken eggs.
- 3) Mix gently and warm mixture to + 30 ° C (+ 86 ° F)
- 4) Filter medium before adding it to semen.

**Usage:**

Dilute semen with equal quantities of SOLUTION A and B according to the CSS Processing Regulations.

**Final composition of SOLUTION A and B per 100 ml, as approved by CSS:**

Yolk 20 %, Glycerol 7 %, Tris 2,42 %, Citric Acid 1,38 g%, Fructose 1,00 g%, Active Units of Antibiotics:  
Tylosin 5,25 mg, Gentamicin 26,25 mg, Lincomycin 15,75 mg, Spectinomycin 31,5 mg and double distilled sterile water

**Storage:**

At a controlled temperature of + 5 ° C (+ 41 ° F) in a dark environment.  
Shelf life: 12 months.

**Warning:**

Keep out of reach of children  
Not for human or animal consumption and/or treatment  
Not for injection  
Not for use on live animals  
Do not expose to heat or sun

Made in Germany

**BILADYL IS APPROVED BY CERTIFIED SEMEN SERVICES INC.**



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